

FINANCIAL VIEWPOINT

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Investment myths

Understanding investments can be daunting, and there are several myths that are likely to put you off if you are new to investing. In this blog, we'll debunk five misconceptions about investing. By unravelling these myths, you'll gain a clearer perspective on how to navigate the world of finance and make informed investment decisions.

1 You need to be wealthy

You can invest with less than you may think. Making small regular investments can provide more benefits than investing a lump sum. You can invest a small amount into the markets every month. One big benefit of investing a small regular sum is that, instead of saving your cash until you have a lump sum, you're putting your money to work straight away. Even with rising interest rates, leaving money sitting in a bank account can be less profitable than investing it in the market.

2 It's too much of a risk

With any type of investment, there is a risk of losing your money. It's all a balance between risk and reward, meaning the greater the risk, the greater the potential reward. If you understand the risks involved and the level of risk you're comfortable with, you'll be able to make an educated decision as to whether it's worthwhile.

3 You need to know the best time to buy

Most people think you need to invest when stocks are low and sell when they're high, but there are so many factors that can change the stock market, it's pretty much impossible to predict the outcome. The best thing to do is start investing as soon as you can for as long as you can. There may be fluctuation, some good and some bad, but the longer you're able to hold on to your investment, the more time you'll have to recover from any lows.

4 Your money will be inaccessible

It is true that the longer you keep your money invested, the more chance you have of making a return, however this doesn't have to mean your money is inaccessible. There are lots of investment options where you can access your money at any time. You should leave your investments untouched for them to have the most potential, but should a situation arise where you may need your funds, you will be able to access them.

5 You have to monitor your investments every day

Checking your investments every day can lead to risky decisions such as changing investments or withdrawing funds altogether. Investments usually span over a long period of time, so it's best not to make potentially harmful decisions based on short-term market performance. If you're opting for a low-risk investment, you won't need to check it often. It's recommended to monitor your investments every three months just to see how they're doing.

Get in touch

If you're interested in finding out more about how you could invest your money wisely, we're here to help.

The value of investments and any income from them can fall as well as rise and you may not get back the original amount invested. Past performance is not a guide to future performance and should not be relied upon.

Is it better to gift a property or leave it in your will?

Before passing away, Maggie gifted her house worth more than £700,000 to her son Bruce but still remained living there, paying a token amount of rent. Nine years later, following Maggie's death, Bruce was surprised to be landed with an inheritance tax bill for the property.

What did Maggie do wrong?

Maggie knew if she died within seven years of gifting Bruce her house that he may well end up paying inheritance tax on it. She also knew enough to pay Bruce rent after gifting him the property. However, the amount she paid was well below the market rate and this is where she fell foul of inheritance tax laws. By only paying a token amount of rent, the house remained part of Maggie's estate and Bruce was hit with a hefty inheritance tax bill.

How to decide whether to gift a property or leave it in your will?

There are no easy answers to this. There are a lot of complicated tax rules to consider and the best approach will depend on your individual circumstances. Whatever the situation, it's an important decision and one best made as a family. We've looked at the pros and cons of both to give you an idea of the kind of things you'll need to consider.

Leaving a property in your will

The first thing to do is find out the residence nil rate band (RNRB) allowance for the property in question. If, like Maggie, you're leaving your main home to a child or grandchild, they'll benefit from an extra £175,000 tax-free allowance on top of the standard £325,000. This means you could leave an estate worth up to £500,000 and there'll be no inheritance tax to pay. And if you and your spouse are leaving a joint estate, that doubles to £1m.

Maggie's husband Bill died in 2019 and the executors of the estate can also claim Bill's residence Nil Rate Band. This means that the £675,000 can be claimed as an amount where no inheritance tax is applied, meaning this £675,000 remains inheritance tax free.

The benefits of leaving a property in your will are that you'll retain control of it, it isn't generally at risk from anyone else's divorce, death, or bankruptcy and, currently, there's no capital gains tax to pay for the beneficiary.

Working with a professional financial planner, it would have been possible for Bill to leave 'assets to the value of the Nil Rate Band' and have what is called a 'Will Trust' written into the will. As this is a specialist area, it is important to discuss with a professional and consider the options.

Gifting a property

If, as in Maggie's case, the property is worth more than the RNRB, you may want to consider passing full ownership to a child. You then need to move out or, as Bruce found out to his cost, pay rent at the going market rate.

There are many reasons people choose to gift a property: to minimise inheritance tax; to provide financial help to loved ones sooner rather than later; or to avoid care home fees. If you're considering it for the latter reason, you should be aware that anti-avoidance rules are designed to stop people doing this.

If you gift a property, you'll lose control of it. But once the

transfer of ownership takes place, so begins the seven year countdown for removing the property from inheritance tax liability.

Right sizing

Another option for improving your quality of life into old age and helping the kids out at the same time is right sizing. In other words, selling the family home and buying somewhere that is easier to manage and better suits your needs as you get older. This option generally releases equity, which can be used to give loved ones a financial boost while you're still alive. Alternatively, you could investigate a lifetime mortgage as an option for releasing money to gift away now.

Insuring against inheritance tax

Another possibility Maggie could have considered is taking out whole of life insurance. This would have provided a tax-free lump sum on death to cover Bruce's inheritance tax bill. Writing the policy into trust would have ensured any payout wasn't included as part of Maggie's estate.

However, policies can be expensive and HMRC would have treated the premiums as a lifetime gift if Maggie paid them herself. Bearing this in mind and considering Bruce would have been the person to benefit from the insurance cover, it would have made sense for him to pay the premiums if he was keen to go down this road.

Key takeaways:

- When deciding whether to gift a property or leave it in your will, you need to focus on what you're trying to achieve.
- The benefits of leaving a property in your will are that you'll retain control for the rest of your life, it isn't generally at risk from anyone else's divorce, death or bankruptcy and, currently, there's no capital gains tax to pay for the person who inherits it.
- Gifting a property can be used to minimise inheritance tax and allow you to provide financial support to loved ones before your death.
- Right sizing may improve your quality of life and release equity.
- It's possible to insure against inheritance tax but it can be expensive so it may be more appropriate for beneficiaries to pay the premiums.
- Professional advice can help you and your loved ones understand the various implications of the different options and allow you to make informed decisions.

The importance of professional advice

As you can see, estate planning is far from straightforward so it makes sense to work with a financial adviser who can look into different scenarios and help you and your loved ones make informed decisions.

Get in touch

If you'd like help to create a financial plan to structure your assets to be more tax-efficient before your death, we can help. Please get in touch to arrange a time to chat.

HM Revenue and Customs practice and the law relating to taxation are complex and subject to individual circumstances and changes which cannot be foreseen. For specialist tax advice, please refer to an accountant or tax specialist.

The value of mortgage advice from a financial adviser

Harry and Sam have been staying with Harry's dad in his two-bedroomed terrace for just over a year while they save up a deposit for their first house. The lack of space and privacy has proved challenging to say the least and would now like to start searching for their own house.

Despite having saved up a good deposit, friends have warned the couple they would have no chance of getting a mortgage due to their working situation. Sam is a self-employed, successful roofer, but has only been working for himself for two years. His friends have told him, he'll need at least three years of accounts before a lender will go anywhere near him. They say any mortgage the couple can get will be based on Harry's income alone. Harry works as a hairdresser and his salary is nowhere near enough to secure the kind of mortgage they're hoping for.

The value of mortgage advice

Harry and Sam should resign from listening to their friends as when making such an important financial commitment like this, the only guidance they need is from a qualified mortgage adviser. Here are four ways they can make a difference to a mortgage search:

1 They know the market

If, like Harry and Sam, your needs or circumstances are 'out of the ordinary', your options may indeed be more limited than those of other buyers. However, this doesn't mean you don't have options. They know the lenders who are willing to consider buyers in your situation and will check you're likely to meet their specific lending criteria before submitting a formal application. This will save you time and avoid unnecessary searches on your credit file.

2 They know what a good deal looks like

An attractive rate may seem like your best bet when choosing a mortgage but you also need to factor in things like fees, loan conditions and the mortgage term. They look beyond the headline rate and can help you understand how the length and type of loan will affect how much you pay in the long term. They'll also highlight any additional expenses like administration and booking fees, and valuation costs.

3 They do the hard work for you

As well as helping you select the right mortgage, they'll work with you to complete all of the necessary application forms and liaise on your behalf with solicitors, valuers and surveyors. They can also recommend products that provide financial protection should the unexpected happen.

4 They're professionally qualified

They're fully qualified to advise you on a wide range of lenders and products unlike high street banks and lenders. This way you'll gain from genuine choice coupled with quality advice.

YOUR HOME MAY BE REPOSSESSED IF YOU DO NOT KEEP UP REPAYMENTS ON YOUR MORTGAGE